

# EHS Bloodborne Pathogens

1. *What does "Standard Precautions" mean?*

- A. Use appropriate barrier precautions when in contact with any human body fluids except sweat.
- B. Use appropriate barrier precautions when in contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials.
- C. Use appropriate barrier precautions only when in contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials known to be HIV+ or HBV+.

2. *Which of the following would be considered a bloodborne pathogen exposure incident?*

- A. blood contact with intact skin
- B. blood splashed into the eyes
- C. blood splashed onto personal clothing

3. *HIV and Hepatitis B are transmitted in the following methods:*

- A. Sexual contact
- B. Percutaneous (cut or puncture) injury with a contaminated needle
- C. Both A and B

4. *What should you do if are stuck with a potentially contaminated needle?*

- A. Wash the area with soap and water, report the incident to your supervisor, complete an incident report.
- B. Wash the area with soap and water, report the incident to your supervisor and call you personal physician.
- C. Do nothing since bloodborne pathogens are not transmitted by needlestick injuries.

5. *The hepatitis B vaccine is offered to all employees who have an*

*occupational risk of exposure to bloodborne pathogens.*

- A. True
- B. False

*6. The bloodborne pathogen that has the greatest risk of occupational acquisition after percutaneous exposure is:*

- A. hepatitis B virus
- B. hepatitis C virus
- C. HIV

*7. What sign is used to designate containers, refrigerators, or areas that may contain blood or other potentially infectious materials:*

- A. Strict Isolation
- B. Contact precautions
- C. Universal BIOHAZARD sign

*8. According to the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogens Standard, examples of body fluids that are considered potentially infectious with bloodborne pathogens are:*

- A. urine, feces
- B. tears, sweat
- C. pericardial fluid, amniotic fluid

*9. Contaminated medical devices contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious material should be cleaned with:*

- A. 1:10 dilution of bleach and water
- B. An EPA-approved disinfectant detergent (i.e. Vesphene)
- C. Either A or B

*10. An example of an engineering control that is used to protect employees is:*

- A. Protective needle devices

- B. Sharps boxes
- C. both a and b.

**Important: If any of the circles below are marked, you forgot to answer that question. Please go back and answer all questions before submitting your test.**

1.  2.  3.  4.  5.  6.  7.  8.  9.  10.